Letter to the Londonderry Standard, 1837

Bruxelles, Dec. 30th, 1837.

Sir,—Having just seen a paragraph under the head, “Extermination of Presbyterians”—referred to in the London Standard of Tuesday last—from your valuable paper of the 16th instant, which is evidently meant to reflect on my conduct, as agent and manager of the Templemore estates, I owe it to myself to lose no time in undeceiving the public in regard to its contents, and most unequivocally contradicting the statement of my assailant.

If, by the direction of my employer, I am obliged to resort to the painful necessity of diapossessing two Presbyterian tenants, in consequence of the non-payment of arrears of rent, and that I am required, by the same authority, to substitute two other tenants on the same property, who happen to be Roman Catholics, in their stead, as was the case in the instance referred to, I cannot understand why I should be held up to public scorn as an exterminator of Presbyterians through an extensive district.

The facts are simply these—On the occasion of the late Lord Templemore’s visit to Ireland, in August last, among other improvements on his estate, he readily yielded to my desire that a Glebe and residence for the Protestant Clergyman should be established on the island of Inch, as well as a Schoolhouse adjoining the same; on which occasion his Lordship marked out the requisite quantity of land for that purpose, which was held by Roman Catholic tenants, who always paid their rents with punctuality. Some of these were directed by him to be sent to his adjoining parish of Burt, after his Lordship had permitted them to retire with their stock, crop, &c. A sum of money was also ordered by him to be advanced to the Presbyterian Clergyman of Inch, to enable him to build a residence upon the island, and his Lordship also expressed his intention to provide a residence for the Presbyterian Clergyman of Burt, when a suitable opportunity offered, and all this was done at my instance and request. Does this look like a desire, on my part, to exterminate Presbyterians? No! I fearlessly appeal to the independent tenantry on that fine estate, and willingly put myself on my trial before them, convinced, as I am, that I am entitled to an acquittal on so unjust and unfounded a charge; and I call upon my assailant to divest himself of the garb of anonymous composition, and, after having acted for a period of thirty-five years as agent of this property, to state whether I ever in my life, took possession of the farm of any Presbyterian on the Burt estate, under an ejectment, issued by me or by my directions, or even that I ever had occasion, except in one instance, to distress an individual tenant on the same property for non-payment of rent or otherwise. That I have enemies, and unnatural ones too, in the North of Ireland, is too plain; but I shall leave it to time to unfold the truth of that with which they are pleased to impeach me, as well as the motives whereby they are influenced, and with which it is necessary for me to trouble the public by here making further allusion to. I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

John Kennedy.
RIOTS IN THE CITY.

Yesterday evening—and, indeed, during the greater part of the day—this city was the scene of serious rioting. Organised mobs congregated in various streets in the lower parts of the city, and cruelly ill-treated any stray members of the procession in connection with the Apprentices Boys’ demonstration who happened to fall in their way.

A great many strangers from the country who came in to take part in the procession were very severely beaten, as well as several respectable citizens who ventured to remonstrate against the cowardly attacks. These mobs were chiefly congregated in Rossville-street, William-street, and Fahan-street, the quay near the Lough Swilly Railway Station, and the Strand-road. The latter great thoroughfare—one of the principal outlets of the city—was held possession of by a number of rowdies almost during the entire day, and was unsafe for any passengers known to be Protestants. They were so well organised and arranged that they were enabled to battle the police. A number of roughs, not belonging to the city, but brought in for the occasion, were posted in front, while the local rowdies remained behind pointing out the objects of attack, and they were then mercilessly beaten. No matter how quiet the demeanor of the party he was known to be a Protestant and that was sufficient to recommend him to the tender mercies of the wicked mob. We are informed that in many instances it was pitiable to see an unfortunate man alone flying before a crowd of some hundreds bleeding from wounds he had already received. In one instance a respectable gentleman, a medical practitioner in the city, while on his rounds of duty in Rossville-street observed a poor stranger hunted by a crowd of about 500, and about being caught. Presuming upon his acquaintance with the people, he ventured to remonstrate, and placed his umbrella between the pursuers and the pursued, when the mob turned upon him, knocked him against the wall, beating him very severely. One of his eyes was much blackened and swollen, as well as other injuries he sustained. He was rescued by a number of women and some respectable Roman Catholics who happened to come up and interfere to save the gentleman. On getting free he complained to the police, and we are told he got laughed at for his pains, and jibed by the mob as well.

At the Lough Swilly Railway Station on the quay one of the most wanton and cruel attacks ever heard of was made on unoffending people about to return home by the train. A number of quay labourers and cattle-drivers armed with sticks made a demonstration on a very few people, and beat them mercilessly for no other reason than that they were supposed to have taken part in the procession. One old man received a blow of an ash-plant—the favourite weapon of the duffer—which literally severed his upper lip in great part from his face. On seeing this the crew of one of the vessels in port ran ashore and chased the cowardly miscreants.

The body of men and women who came from the neighbourhood of Inish with a band in the morning were attacked while in the train at Inish station. The station is in a deep cutting, and the attacking party operated from the height, smashing the carriages with stones, and endangering the lives of all passengers. The party of excursionists, however, escaped them, but would not return by railway in the evening. The Inish and Ballymagn/lgparty bands, with the contingents from those places, proceeded by road, accompanied by a body of the Derry Apprentices Boys. On leaving Shipquay Gate they found an organised mob of quay-labourers awaiting them in Shipquay-place. A couple of mounted police drove them before them down towards the quay, and the processionists were allowed to pass on for a short distance. The mob then rushed along Customs-house-lane, at the new Post-office, and attacked the rear of the party, but were driven off by the police. At the corn market, Strand-road, the attack was renewed, the mob having run along the quay and come out at the corn market. This time the processionists turned and faced the other party, and drove them back again, and the constabulary closed up the rear of the procession. The bands and party then passed unmolested to the Rock, where some stones were thrown out of a garden near a public-house. The garden door was broken open, but the parties had desisted in the meantime. After leaving the country people upwards of a mile out of town, the Apprentices Boys party, about 100 strong, returned to town, and were only encountered by a mob at the foot of Waterloo-street, who made some angry demonstrations, but forbore to attack. There was here a large force of police. A number of them, however, passed the police to renew the attack, but were surrounded by the police, who made some arrests, and the Protestant party returned to the city without further molestation.
The Attack on the Proclaimers at Inish

[By Our Reporter]

Birkenhead, Friday.—A Burnby Patty Session
to-day (before John G. Bowen, Esq., W. Newman, and James
Johnson, two pugs, and two pug-tulips, brought up on summons by Journtable Thomas
Cleary for rioting at Inish Station, on the London
Liverpool Railway, where an explosion had occurred, which was made on the Inish Bank and
party coming to Derry on that day.

Mr. O'Doherty appeared for the party, and
Mr. Cleary, as counsel, was also present, being

The following, who were summoned, answered
to their summons as follows:—James Cleary, John
Tobin, John Cleary, John Cleary, John Cleary, John
Cleary, John Cleary, John Cleary, John Cleary,

Dr. M'Carthy, M'a, J'm, M'a, J'm, M'a, J'm,

Mr. O'Doherty—I never saw any procession in
Inishisbourun/tree parties going to join what is
called "the Inish Paddy," and I have never seen any
stones thrown from the station at the party who
were at the stations. I heard there were threats
made in the tunnel, but I did not hear them myself.

Mr. O'Doherty—In his answer down that he
never saw a procession in Inishisbourun.

Mr. O'Doherty—Never was a procession, but I
have seen stones thrown from the station at the
party to the "Wallis-boys," and they threatened me.

Mr. O’Doherty—Now, you have called an offensive
name, which the audium. I must have your

The Chairman—Don’t see we have anything to do
with that all here.

Andrew M’Adam—Examined—I remember the 18th last.
I was at the station and band that came
to Inish and back to the train. When we came
to Inish Station, a man got off the train and
threw stones, and threatened to kill me. The

Newspaper—Inishisbourun.

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Mr. O’Doherty—Examined—I remember the 18th last.
I was at the station and band that came
to Inish and back to the train. When we came
to Inish Station, a man got off the train and
threw stones, and threatened to kill me. The

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Cross-examined by Mr. O’Doherty—I was at

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Cross-examined by Mr. O’Doherty—I was at

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Mr. O’Doherty—We will prove that, if you live to
bear witness—We went into Inish
Station, and the party on the morning of the 18th
last. I went to the station and party, and returned to

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Mr. O’Doherty—I have asked the names of the

Dr. M’Carthy, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m, M’a, J’m,

Mr. O’Doherty—I have aske...
The Chairman said McGilloway should not have been examined. He was not aware he was one of the party charged.

Mr. O'Doherty—Now ask your Worship to adjourn the case, because the proper parties are not before you. Besides, everyone is on a separate summons, and, if necessary, I intend to examine every one of my clients separately for the other.

Dr. McGay said Mr. O'Doherty might make what application he liked; but he would now show to the Court that the three parties for whom he appeared ought to be dismissed. As to the first, Michael Longworth, against whom there was no personal evidence to support the charge, he must be dismissed. The others were John Adams and John Foster, and what was against them? He would admit that, and suppose they had a pistol and fired it, what was against them? They were not in a proclaimed district.

Mr. Toronto, J.P.—Is it not?

Dr. McGay—It is not. Here was a hand and party of excursionsists going upon a lawful business, for their own pleasure, which they had a perfect right to do. Having a pistol in his hand, and even firing it, is not a crime, unless it appears it was charged with lead, or other deadly missile, to take away human life. We had nothing of that kind at the last Assizes, where this was over and over again stated. I'll lay down the law broadly, fearlessly, in a way that cannot be contradicted, that unless it was proved there was a deadly charge in that pistol, and that it was fired with intent to kill, or maim, or injure, there was no crime established.

Mr. O'Doherty then applied for an adjournment for a month. He complained that all the Roman Catholics from the county and all the Protestants left out. If the Bench granted the adjournment he would undertake that the other parties would be summoned also, and brought up at the adjourned meeting. He was anxious that justice and fair play should be done to all.

The Chairman said the magistrates were just as anxious to see fair play and justice done to all as he could be. They were anxious to bring up everyone who could get any information and everyone there was any charge against, and he was sure justice would have time to do that before the present Sessions. Under the circumstances an adjournment might be desirable and necessary.
CROWN COURT—LIFFORD, FRIDAY.

The Right Hon. Mr. Justice Knoyle took his seat in court at one o'clock to-day. His Lordship is still suffering from indisposition, and was unable to open court at the usual hour.

THE INCH ROAD STATION RIOT.

The following were then called and indicted for unlawful assembly, riot, and affray, at Inch, county Donegal, on 18th August last:—James McLaughlin, James Deeney, William Deeney, Daniel McLaughlin, Henry Gill, George Kerr, and Daniel Brown.

Mr. Drummond (who appeared for the prisoners, instructed by Mr. O'Doherty) said he had taken upon himself to advise them to plead guilty to a riot, as he did not think he would be justified in taking up his Lordship's time. He regretted to say these seven prisoners were only a portion of a party of some seven or eight-and-twenty persons who took part in a riot. It was one of those unfortunate party riots, which were practically unknown in this county. It appeared that a band of what they called the opposite party went out on the 18th August to this part of the county Donegal, and a riot took place. His Lordship would see from the informations that those who were now witnesses for the Crown would be in the dock themselves afterwards. The prisoners would swear that the professional men began to groan at them, and the others say they groaned first. However, no harm was done to any one, nor any injury to property either. Perhaps his Lordship would think it would satisfy the ends of justice to let them out on their own recognizances. He might say he was not instructed to press anything at all against the other side.

The following were then arraigned in three batches, as similar indictments, for unlawful assembly and riot at Inch, on the 18th August last:—Neal Barr, Hugh McLaughlin, James Taylor, Patrick McSheffrey, Thomas M'Nogher, William Fowler, Charles Hanigan, Richard McLaughlin, Patrick Deeney, Peter Doherty, Thos. McLaughlin, Daniel Quigley, Charles McLaughlin, Richard Fowler, John Quigley, Neal James Coyle, Owen McLaughlin, Hugh McLaughlin, Neal McLaughlin.

Mr. Drummond pleaded guilty to riot for the above.

A person named John McGilloway, who was called, did not appear, as it was stated by Mr. O'Doherty he had gone on to Stranorlar in a railway carriage by mistake.

His Lordship, having admonished them, ordered them to enter into their recognizances to come up for judgment if called upon, but said they would never be called up if their conduct was good in the future.

The following members of the opposite party were then arraigned on an indictment for unlawful assembly and riot at Inch on the 18th August:—John Foster, John M'Adams, Jas. Peoples, Robert Doherty, William Porter, and Allan Moore.

Mr. Charles H. Ward, Belfast, said that Mr. Keys, his counsel for the prisoners, was engaged in the other court, and he took it upon him to plead guilty to a riot. He was happy to be able to endorse the statement made by counsel for the other prisoners that the district was exceedingly peaceful, and, as his Lordship had observed, it was a mere sudden outburst, and not premeditated.

Two other batches were then arraigned on like indictments for unlawful assembly and riot, as follows:—David Moore, James Anderson, Robert Erwing, Alexander McClelland, William Wallace, John Craig, Wm. Anderson, Nathaniel Anderson, Robert Elder, Andrew Longwill, James Doherty, George Peoples, and John McClelland.

A plea of guilty of riot was entered for them.

His Lordship said he had no intention to inflict upon them any punishment, nor would there be provided there be no repetition of this nonsensical conduct. He had said there appeared to have been no injury done to any one, and, in point of fact, they did not inflict injury upon any one. He was happy to learn that good feeling prevailed in the district; but it would be the greatest possible blessing to all if both sides would agree to forego these things. He was satisfied that all before him were loyal and true men to the Government of the country, and a great deal of this came from their anxiety to exhibit that loyalty; but the disturbance was occasioned, and disturbance to their business and their pleasure was the result. He strongly sympathised with them; but he would say to them, pass all these things over and give them up. They would be discharged on their own recognizances, and it was not likely that they would be called up again to receive judgment. They would give their recognizances to be of good behaviour, and come up for judgment if called upon.
Londonderry Sentinel
July 14th, 1891

Londonderry Sentinel
March 7th, 1893

Coleraine Constitution
July 18th, 1896
The evidence produced was much the same as that given at previous hearings of similar charges, and which was published in the Journal at the time. Andrew Moore, David Longwill, Andrew Langwill, John Foster, Alexander McClelland, Robert Ramsay, John McClelland, and John Lamberton, were examined in support of the prosecution, after which Mr. O'Doherty produced Wm. Hegarty, John Gil, and Eliza Gour, to prove an alibi on part of some of his clients. He then addressed their Worship for the defence. The Chairman, at the conclusion of the case, said with the exception of James Hegarty all the others—exclusive of William Quigley and Daniel M'Laughlin, Letter, whose names had been struck out earlier in the day—were returned for trial to the Assizes, bail being taken, themselves each in £10, and two sureties each in 25.


John Quigley, Richard Fowler, Daniel M'Laughlin, and Thomas M'Nogher, were examined and identified several of the prisoners. Thomas Wallace, John Lynch, and John Lamberton were not identified and their names were struck out. Mr. Ward having addressed the Bench for his clients, then examined John Fleming for the defence. Their Worships retired to consult. On their returning into Court, the Chairman said they were unanimous in declining to return informations in the cases of Robert Cunningham, Robert Ramsay, and James McDowell—in the case of Samuel Ewing, a majority of the Bench declined to take informations. The remainder of the accused were returned for trial to the Assizes, the same bail as in the other cases being accepted for each.

FAHAN.

The Diamond Jubilee was not forgotten or neglected in lovely, loyal Faham. From early morning an unusual bustle in the quiet, charming spot was apparent to the passers-by, as flags flew gaily on all sides. Strong hands, urged on by loyal hearts, carried the materials of a monster beacon-fire to the summit of Gollen Hill, where everything was arranged in good time for lighting. Shortly before ten o'clock Mr. J. E. Walsh addressed the large crowd, composed of all classes and creeds, making a tasteful reference to the display of loyalty on the part of those who worked and of those who sold to the summit to grace by their presence the display in honour of our beloved Queen. Having alluded to the permission that had been given to occupy the exalted site, he expressed his conviction that, large as the beacon-fire would be, not a trace of injury would be found to the hill at the close. Accompanied by a red flash-light, "God Save the Queen" was heartily sung, and as "three cheers and one more" arose for her Majesty the beacon burst into flame. Donegal on Tuesday night was not "dark Donegal," nor was the Swilly "the Lake of Shadows," for on every summit to the west fires were visible, and the display of fireworks on Faham hill and at Rathmullan lit up the placid waters of the Lough, so that the reflection from its surface almost equalled in brilliancy the appearance of the heavenly bodies on a winter night. Cheers were given by the crowd of spectators for Mr. Walsh, who acted as pyrotechnist, and for Mr. C. S. Caldwell, whose presence added materially to the success of the display. The proceedings closed with the singing of the National Anthem and cheers for the Queen.
THE ORANGE INSTITUTION.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICE.

SERMON BY REV. CANON WARREN.

The brethren of the lodges comprising the City of Derry Grand Lodge of the Orange Institution attended a special service held in Christ Church, Londonderry, on Sunday afternoon, in commemoration of the Battle of the Boyne. The brethren assembled on the Mall Wall at three p.m. and, as the weather was favourable, there was a large turn-out of the members and of the general public. The procession was formed in the following order:

Grand Lodge Officers—C.G.M., Robert M'Car-
ter; D.G.M., Joseph Thompson, M.D.; C.G.S.
Robert M. Ballad; D.G.S., James T. Miller;
A.D.G.S., Thomas Dane. No. 1 District L.O.L.-
D.M., James Robinson; D.T., William Laird.
No. 4 District L.O.L.—W.M., Jos. Blair; D.M.
William Porter; D.S., D. H. Norrie; D.T., W.
G. Synnott. Private lodges—433, City of Derry,
William Harrison, W.M.; 621, Killalo, Thomas
Goligher, W.M.; 816, Maiden City, Jas. Elliott,
W.M.; 858, Harmony, William H. Platt, W.M.;
871, Churchill, David Gray, W.M.; 1007, Tem-
perance, William M'Neil, W.M.; 1087, Victor-
toria, Samuel Logue, W.M.; 1166, Royal Union,
Samuel M'Lwaine, W.M.; 1495, Foyle, William
Wilson, W.M.; 1688, No Surrender, James T.
Miller; 1686, Culmore True Blues, Robert Mc-
Carter, W.M.; 1912, Britannia, James S. Pollock,
W.M.; 1927, Inch, William Fleming, W.M.;
2048, Fawney Fort, James Gault, W.M.

The procession proceeded via Bishop-street,
Diamond, Shipquay-street, Strand-road, and
Great James-street, to the church, where the
members of the Order were accommodated in the
centre seats. The service was conducted by
Rev. W. F. Garstin, rector, while the anniver-
sary sermon was preached by Br. Rev. Canon H.
G. Warren, M.A., Dungiven. The hymns sung
were “All people that on earth do dwell,” “O
God, our refuge,” “Glorious things of Thee
are spoken,” and “To Thee, O God, we fly.”

Rev. Canon Warren, M.A., selected for his text
St. John’s Gospel, chap. x. verse 9—“I am the
doors: by Me if any man enter in, he shall be
saved, and shall go in and out, and find pasture.”
He said he wished on behalf of the vestry,
clergy, and congregation of Christ Church to
welcome so many of the brethren to that church.

Londonderry Sentinel
July 4th 1905
IN MEMORIAM.

BR. ROBERT ELDER, THE GROVE, INCH.

Great regret was expressed when it became known that Br. Robert Elder, The Grove, Inch, a well-known Loyalist and Orangeman, had passed away. He had been in ailing health for a considerable time. He took a prominent part in the furtherance of the Unionist cause, being W.M. for a considerable time of Inch Orange lodge, and District Master of the City of Derry L.O.L. Many a good story he used to relate of the stirring times 30 or 40 years ago, when an unsuccessful attempt was made to put the Party Proclamation Act into force in the Maiden City. He was a staunch Presbyterian, an ardent temperance reformer, but never allowed his views to obtrude on the good feelings of others of a different way of thinking. His funeral took place on Saturday afternoon in Inch Presbyterian cemetery, Rev. R. Lyon, minister of Fahan and Inch congregation, officiating. A large number of beautiful wreaths were sent.

BURT.

A very imposing procession of members of the Loyal Orange Institution of the Burt Division proceeded on 22nd inst. to Burt Presbyterian Church, where an anniversary service under the auspices of Burt Faith Defenders L.O.L. No. 1927 was held. The local brethren were joined by a large contingent from the Maiden City, the assemblage representing L.O.L. Nos. 334, 453, 508, 871, 1007, 1061, and 1856. At four o'clock the members assembled at the Orange Hall, where they met the visiting brethren. Having drawn regalia the brethren marched to the church. The procession was headed by Brs. Boyd Bric, W.M.; James Mills, D.M.; Wm. McClinton, W.M., McClinton, secretary; and John Quigley, treasurer, and as it proceeded through the quiet country considerable attraction was drawn to it. The brethren filled the body of the large edifice, and the gallery was taxed to its utmost by the general public. Rev. R. W. Ross, minister of Burt Presbyterian Church, was the special preacher, and he delivered an appropriate and stimulating sermon, basing his remarks on the text: "Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit ye like men, be strong." The collection, which was in aid of the Lord Enniskillen Memorial Orphan Fund and the Burt Presbyterian Church Fund, was taken up by the officers of the lodge. After the pronouncing of the benediction, the National Anthem was sung, and the brethren filed out.

SERVICE AT BURT.

An anniversary service, conducted by Rev. J. R. Sides, M.A., was held in Burt Parish Church on Sunday evening in connection with Burt Faith.

Defenders L.O.L. 1927. There was a large attendance, every available seat in the sacred building being occupied. The members of the lodge assembled at Bonemaine Orange Hall, and, headed by Brs. Boyd Bric, W.M.; William Walker, D.M.; Wm. McClinton, secretary; and Joseph Crockett, treasurer, marched four deep to the church. Seating accommodation at the front was reserved for them.

Rev. Mr. Sides said that the Orange brethren had paid him a compliment in asking him to conduct their anniversary service, and he would return that compliment in the best way he was capable by speaking to them perfectly plainly in regard to what he believed to be very important truths for himself and for them. They knew how very strongly he disliked anything approaching the discussion of political problems in the pulpit. But a man would be positively insincere to pretend at the present moment that the political crisis was very far from his thoughts. He would either be a hypocrite or one who had little regard for the welfare of his people. Therefore, they would understand that all that he intended to say would have a special application in regard to their conduct at the present time. If they could not leave the political question out of their thoughts, neither should they leave it out of their prayers. They should remember that, after all, it was in God's hand, and in His alone, that the disposal of all such events rested.
LOCAL CASUALTIES.

WATERSIDE ORANGEMAN KILLED.

Official information has been received by his mother, Mrs. Margaret Downie, of 64, Spencer-road, Waterside, that her son, Lance-Corporal J. Downie, of the Royal Scots, was killed in action in France on September 27th. He joined the army over a year ago, and had been in the firing line for almost three months. The deceased soldier was a member of the "No Surrender" Club and of Burt "Faith Defenders" L.O.L.

Private Robert McFeely, 11th Battalion, is in hospital in Leicester suffering from wounds in the leg and arm. His parents live at Ballynahagard, Culmore.

Private John Russell, Donegal Volunteers, son of Mr. Joseph Russell, Cavan, Killygordon, has been wounded. He was formerly on the North Irish Horse.

Sergeant James Austin, 11th Inniskilling Fusiliers, is wounded and in hospital in Norwich. Sergeant Austin was company commander in Burt Volunteers, and before enlisting was employed in the Alexander Motor Garage.

Mrs. M'Dermott, The Parks, Malin, has been notified that her husband, Private W. D. M'Dermott, Ulster Division, has been wounded in action.

Mrs. Porter, Bogay, has received a letter from her son, Corporal Robert Porter, machine gun section, Donegal Volunteers, stating that he has been wounded.

Intimation has been received from Sergeant Robert M'Carter, of the 10th Battalion Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, that Company-Sergeant-Major George Williams, of the Donegal Battalion, has been seriously wounded. Sergeant-Major Williams re-enlisted after having served his full time on the Royal Garrison Artillery.

Corporal Flacks, of Burt Volunteers, is wounded and in hospital in England.

NOTICE.

In connection with the violence recently used towards me and the breaking of my Shop Windows, I desire to publicly announce that the Members of Bonemaine Loyal Orange Lodge or the Convenors of the Ball held in Bonemaine Orange Hall on the occasion were not responsible for the attack, and were not associated with it in any way whatever.

(Signed.)

JOHN GALLAGHER.

Bridge End, 27th October, 1920.

At a Meeting of Bonemaine L.O.L. 1927 a Resolution was adopted condemning the attack on Mr. Gallagher and his Shop.
BURT ORANGEMEN.

NEW BANNER UNFURLED.

Last night at the quarterly meeting of No. 1 District L.O.L. in Bonemaine Orange Hall a splendid new banner was unfurled for Burt Faith Defenders L.O.L. No. 1927 by Br. M'Feeters, Worshipful Master of No. 1 District.

On one side of the banner, which is beautifully executed on a background of orange and blue, is portrayed King William crossing the Boyne, and on the reverse side is a splendid painting of the breaking of the Boom across the Foyle.

Br. M'Feeters congratulated the members of the lodge on securing such a fine banner and wished them every success.

Among those present were Br. David Gilfillan, Worshipful Master of L.O.L. No. 1927; Mr. John A. Robinson, Deputy-Master; Br. Richard Robb, secretary; and Br. Adam Quigley, treasurer; as well as representatives of the various lodges in the district.

At the conclusion of the proceedings a hearty vote of thanks was passed to Br. M'Feeters for unfurling the banner, on the motion of Br. Robert Porter, seconded by Br. Robb.

Death of Mr. J. H. Mills.

It is with regret we have to record the death of Mr. James Holmes Mills, which took place at his residence, Colehill House, Newtowncunningham, on the 22nd inst. Deceased was well known in Bridgend district of county Donegal about twenty years ago, having come from the Raphoe district. He was a staunch Unionist and Orangeman. He was the first member to join the Bonemaine L.O.L.

No. 1927 when it was transferred from Inch, and he held office as Deputy-Master. He was a foundation member of Bonemaine Faith Defenders Band. He was formerly a member of the Royal Black Preceptory No. 331. He was also a member of Newtowncunningham L.O.L. No. 1063 at the time of his death. A lover of music, he took a great interest in Newtowncunningham Pipe Band. Deceased was also a Freemason. Having retired from farming some years ago he went to reside at Newtowncunningham, where he was much esteemed by all creeds and classes.

MANORCUNNINGHAM GIRLS' AUXILIARY.

SUCCESSFUL SALE OF WORK.

A most successful sale of work was held in the Lecture Hall, Manorcunningham, on Wednesday night, the function being organised under the auspices of the Presbyterian Girls' Auxiliary. The various stalls were tastefully decorated, and a large and varied supply of goods was on offer. There was also a number of the usual competitions.

The stall-holders were as follows:
- Jelly Stall—Misses M. Roulstone and E. Wallace.

At the conclusion of the sale Rev. J. Lorimer thanked all who had contributed in making the sale such a success.